Handling & Stacking

METHOD OF STATEMENT

DW'S & DWN'TS





API PRECAST MARKETING SDN BHD

Northern Region Sales Office

No.125, 1st & 2nd Floor, Jalan Merbau, Pusat Perniagaan Oren, 13000 Butterworth, Penang Tel: 604-399 9689 Email:info@api.com.my Central Region Sales Office

No.1 lst & 2nd Floor, Jalan Polo 10/7, 47810 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan Tel: 6017-262 7469 / 6012-421 2517 Email: apisb@api.com.my



D₀N'TS

PILES

WRONG

Stacking On Uneven Ground without Timber Support.

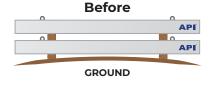






WRONG

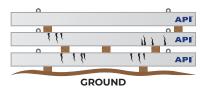
Stacking more than one layer with small timber on soft ground.





WRONG

Wrong arrangement of wooden support

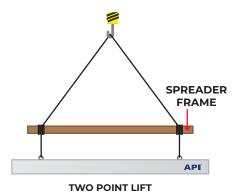




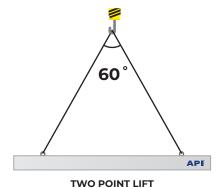
DO'S

PILES





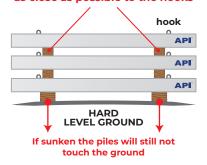




RIGHT STACKING



Stacking timber should be in vertical line as close as possible to the hooks



BOX CULVERT, U - DRAIN & L - SHAPE



RIGHT

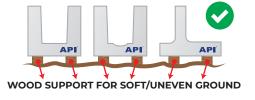
Stacking on hard and even ground



HARD GROUND

RIGHT

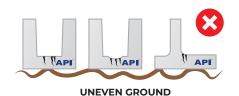
Stacking on soft and uneven ground with wooden support



D@N'TS

WRONG

Stacking on soft and uneven ground without wooden support



2 Handling and Pitching of RC Piles



Hard - Level Ground

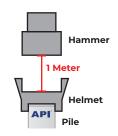
- 1. Ensure the RC Piles are stacked at max 3 layers
- 2. RC piles should be stacked on timber at the lifting hook position



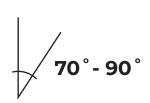
3. RC Piles should be dragged with care as any depression or uneveness of ground condition could cause the RC Piles to crack at the hook points.



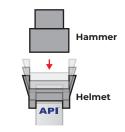
 A wire rope should be used to wrap round the surface of the pile to lift the pile during pitching. Avoid using the hook for pitching.



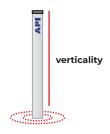
Lift the hammer of the piling rig 1 meter above the length of the pile.



6. Lift the RC pile almost perpendicular to the piling rig. 70 to 90 degrees.



7. Lower the helmet of the hammer onto the RC pile.



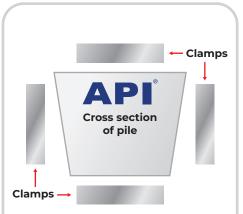
8. Adjust the RC pile to the driving point and ensure the verticality of the RC pile.



 Ensure RC pile and machinery in proper order before driving begins.

Clamping of Piles Using Injection Machine

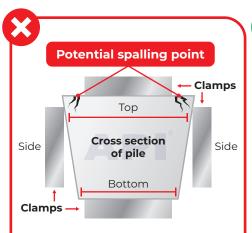
Breakages/Spalling of the surface of the pile using injection machine due to improper clamping method



Before Clamping

Root Cause:

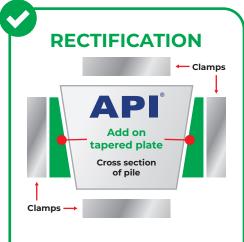
- The profile of the pile is slightly tapered, larger on the top and smaller at the bottom for easy demoulding purpose
- The Clamps of the Injection machine are 90 degrees to one another thus making a perfect square



During Clamping

Root Cause:

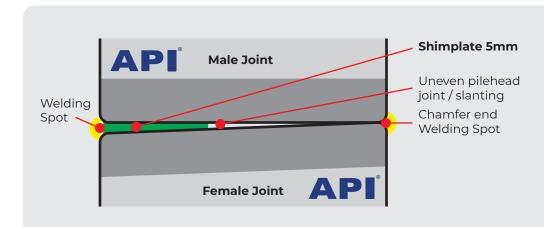
- During clamping, the pile top & bottom surfaces have 100% contact BUT not for the side surfaces
- This condition could cause the contact of pile side surface to give way occasionally



Suggest Clamping to add on tapered plate

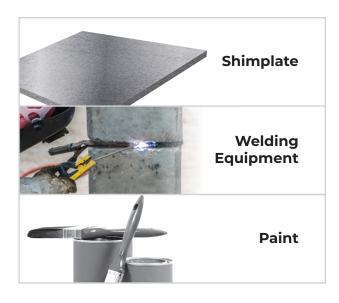
Sugggest Clamping to add on tapered plate. This could help to reduce the spalling/breakages problem

Rectification of Uneven Pile Head / End Plate Joint with Shimplate

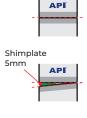


The actual pilehead slanting tolerance should be 5mm.
However if the pilehead tolerance gap is more than 5mm, shimplates should be used to align the top and bottom piles.

List of materials used



Rectification Steps



The machine operator shall monitor and identify the gap after placing the second pile. if the gap is within tolerance no shimplate is required

if the gap is found to be more than the required tolerance, a shimplate should be inserted at the higher / bigger end of the gap to ensure the top pile would be in alignment.



once the perpendicularity is confirmed, welding of the joint can commence.



the welder to ensure a complete weld to join the top and bottom joint plate complete with the inserted shimplate.



once the weld has cooled down, driving / injection can be continued.

Crack Acceptance Criteria For RC Piles



Design crack widths mentioned crack width of up to 0.25mm for buried parts of structures in moderate to severe environment.



BS 8110-2: 1985 Section 3 clause 3.2.4.2 also reinforced this stand.



BS EN 1992-1-1:2004 Section 7.3 Crack Control Clause 7.3.1 General Considerations refers.



ICE Specification for pilling and embedded retaining walls 2nd edition Clause B2.4.2 Handling, transportation and storage of piles. Clarifies this stand.

In local scene, crack width not greater than 0.25mm and the crack length not exceeding 1/2 the perimeter of the pile has been widely referred in practice.